SAFETY DATA SHEET

FPC135B

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : AIC ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL COATINGS Acrylic Enamel Black FPC |
|--|--|
| Product code | : FPC135B |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Not applicable. | |
| | |
| Manufacturer | : ACME Quality Paints 101 Prospect Avenue N.W. Cleveland, OH 44115 |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : (216) 566-2917 |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : Not available. |
| Regulatory Information Telephone Number | : (216) 566-2902 |
| Transportation Emergency Telephone Number | : (800) 424-9300 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|---|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 3.2% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other |
| | containers for storage. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | 1 | Mixture |
|-------------------|---|----------------|
| Other means of | 1 | Not available. |
| identification | | |

CAS number/other identifiers

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Xylene | 16.3 | 1330-20-7 |
| Acetone | 10.8 | 67-64-1 |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | 6.3 | 110-43-0 |
| Ethylbenzene | 2.9 | 100-41-4 |
| t-Butyl Acetate | 2.2 | 540-88-5 |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 2.1 | 123-86-4 |
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | 1.9 | 107-87-9 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 1.7 | 111-76-2 |
| 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | 1.4 | 112-07-2 |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 1.1 | 64742-88-7 |
| Toluene | 1.0 | 108-88-3 |
| Carbon Black | 0.7 | 1333-86-4 |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 0.1 | 108-10-1 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. |

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|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|------|
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|------|

Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: ÷ respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Specific treatments : No specific treatment. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
|---|--|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue |
|---------------------|---|
| | and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
|--|--|
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|----|
| Xylene | | ACGIH TLV (Unit | ted States, 4/2014). | |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 | | |
| | | TWA: 434 mg/m | 1 ³ 8 hours. | |
| | | STEL: 150 ppm | | |
| | | STEL: 651 mg/n | | |
| | | OSHA PEL (Unit | ed States, 2/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 | 8 hours. | |
| | | TWA: 435 mg/m | 1 ³ 8 hours. | |
| Acetone | | ACGIH TLV (Unit | ted States, 4/2014). | |
| | | TWA: 500 ppm 8 | 8 hours. | |
| | | TWA: 1188 mg/i | | |
| | | STEL: 750 ppm | | |
| | | STEL: 1782 mg/ | /m³ 15 minutes. | |
| | | NIOSH REL (Uni | ted States, 10/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 250 ppm | | |
| | | TWA: 590 mg/m | 13 10 hours. | |
| | | OSHA PEL (Unit | ed States, 2/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 1000 ppm | | |
| | | TWA: 2400 mg/i | | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | | ACGIH TLV (Unit | ted States, 4/2014). | |
| | | TWA: 50 ppm 8 | | |
| | | TWA: 233 mg/m | | |
| | | | ted States, 10/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm | | |
| | | TWA: 465 mg/m | | |
| | | | ed States, 2/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 | | |
| | | TWA: 465 mg/m | | |
| Ethylbenzene | | | ted States, 4/2014). | |
| , | | TWA: 20 ppm 8 | | |
| | | | ted States, 10/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm | | |
| | | TWA: 435 mg/m | | |
| | | STEL: 125 ppm | | |
| | | STEL: 545 mg/n | | |
| | | | ed States, 2/2013). | |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 | | |
| | | TWA: 435 mg/m | | |
| t-Butyl Acetate | | | ted States, 4/2014). | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
|---|---|
| | TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 530 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 700 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 33 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Toluene | OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | CEIL: 300 ppm |
| | AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Carbon Black | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³ 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
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| - | TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). | | | | |
| | TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable | | | | |
| | fraction | | | | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). | | | | |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | | | | |
| | STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. | | | | |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). | | | | |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m³ 10 hours. | | | | |
| | STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. | | | | |
| | STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. | | | | |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). | | | | |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. | | | | |
| | TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | | | | |
| invironmental exposure | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure | | | | |
| ontrols | they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some | | | | |
| | cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment | | | | |
| | will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | | | | |
| ndividual protection measure | | | | | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. | | | | |
| | Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | | | | |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk | | | | |
| | assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, | | | | |
| | gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless | | | | |
| | the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. | | | | |
| Skin protection | | | | | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. | | | | |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing | | | | |
| | should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. | | | | |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. | | | | |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe | | | | |

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | |
|--|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Not available. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : 55°C (131°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -7°C (19.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Lower: 0.5% Upper: 12.8% |
| Vapor pressure | : 3.2 kPa (23.998 mm Hg) [at 20°C] |
| Vapor density | : 2 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 0.96 |
| Solubility | 4 |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| Aerosol product | |
| Heat of combustion | : 0.00001624 kJ/g |
| | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | | Species | | Dose | • | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------|-------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | | Rat | | 5000 | | 1 hours |
| - | LD50 Oral Ra | | | | | mg/kg - | |
| Acetone | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | | mg/kg - | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | LD50 Oral | Rat | | | mg/kg - | | |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | | |) mg/kg - | | |
| Euryidenzene | | | | | | | • |
| | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | | mg/kg - | • |
| t-Butyl Acetate | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | | mg/kg - | |
| n-Butyl Acetate | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | | Rat | | 390 p | | 1 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | | Rabbit | | |)0 mg/kg - | |
| | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | 10768 | 3 mg/kg - | |
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | LD50 Dermal | | Rabbit | | 6500 | mg/kg - | |
| , ,, | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | | mg/kg - | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | LCLo Inhalation Vapor | | Guinea p | nia | >3.1 r | | 1 hours |
| 2 Batoxyothanon | LD50 Dermal | | Guinea | | |) mg/kg - | |
| | LD50 Oral | | Rat | Jig | | mg/kg - | |
| 2 Dutowystby/ Apototo | | | Rabbit | | | | • |
| 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | LD50 Dermal | | | | | mg/kg - | • |
| - . | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | | mg/kg - | |
| Toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | | Rat | | 49 g/r | | 1 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | 636 m | | |
| Carbon Black | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | |)0 mg/kg - | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | LD50 Oral | | Rat | | 2080 | mg/kg - | |
| rritation/Corrosion | | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Spec | ies | Score | | Exposure | Observation |
| Xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabb | | - | | 87 milligrams | |
| Xylene . | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabb | | - | | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | Eyes - Severe initialit | Rabu | ni (| - | | | - |
| | Clein Mild irritorat | Det | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | | - | | 8 hours 60 | - |
| | | | | | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabb | Rabbit | | | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabb | oit | - | | 100 Percent | - |
| Acetone | Eyes - Mild irritant | Huma | an | - | | 186300 parts | - |
| | | | | | | per million | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabb | it | _ | | 10 microliters | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabb | | _ | | 24 hours 20 | |
| | Eyes - Moderate Irritant | | Rabbit | | | | 1- |
| | | Date | :1 | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabb | | - | | 20 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabb | lt | - | | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabb | oit | - | | 395 | - |
| | | | | | | milligrams | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabb | it | - | | 24 hours 14 | - |
| , , | | | | | | milligrams | |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabb | it | _ | | 500 | _ |
| | | Tabb | | - | | | - |
| | Skip Mild irritant | Dahh | .;+ | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabb | п | - | | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | | | milligrams | |
| t-Butyl Acetate | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabb | oit | - | | 100 | - |
| | | | | | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabb | oit | - | | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | | | microliters | |
| n-Butyl Acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabb | it | _ | | 100 | _ |
| | | | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Dahh | .;+ | | | | |
| | Skin - wouerate imtant | Rabb | יונ | - | | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | | | | 1 | | milliorame | 1 |
| | | | | | | mingrams | <u> </u> |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | cological informati | UII | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 405 milligrams | - |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 24 hours 500 | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 500 | - |
| Toluene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 0.5 minutes 100 | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 870 Micrograms | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Pig | - | 24 hours 250 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 435 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 500 milligrame | - |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 24 hours 100 | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | microliters 40 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Xylene | - | 3 | - |
| Ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | - | 3 | - |
| Toluene | - | 3 | - |
| Carbon Black | - | 2B | - |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | - | 2B | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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| Section 11. Toxicological information | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs | | | |
| Xylene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Acetone | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Toluene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Xylene | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Acetone | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Toluene | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
|-------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/10/2015 | Date of previous issue | : 6/2/2015. | Version : 1.03 | 12/17 |
|--|------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------|
|--|------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------|

| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
|--|---|
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. |
| Symptoms related to the p | hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Delayed and immediate eff | fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health ef Not available. | <u>fects</u> |
| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| • | |

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Oral | 7290.6 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 105786.6 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 11655 ppm |

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u> | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|--|--|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure | | |
| Xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours | | |
| Acetone | Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata | 96 hours | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae | 21 days | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 21 days | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae | 42 days | | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours | | |
| Ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours | | |
| | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours | | |
| | Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours | | |
| t-Butyl Acetate | Acute LC50 327000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours | | |
| n-Butyl Acetate | Acute LC50 32000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours | | |
| Methyl n-Propyl Ketone | Acute LC50 1240000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours | | |
| - | Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours | | |
| Toluene | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours | | |
| | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours | | |
| | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry | 96 hours | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days | | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days | | |
| | Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo | 33 days | | |

Persistence and degradability

| Date of issue/Date of revision | te of issue/L | Date of | revision |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------|----------|
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------|----------|

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u> </u> | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
| Xylene | - | - | Readily |
| Acetone | - | - | Readily |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | - | - | Readily |
| Ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| n-Butyl Acetate | - | - | Readily |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | - | - | Readily |
| 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate | - | - | Readily |
| Toluene | - | - | Readily |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylene | - | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| Toluene | | 90 | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/10/2015. Date of previous issue : 6/2/2015. Version : 1.03 15/17 | | | | | |

| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Additional information | <u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> Not Applicable | Special provisions Not Applicable | <u>Special</u> provisions (ERG#128) | Special provisions Not Applicable | Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E |
| | mode suitab | | r, etc.), does not ir | shipping description f ndicate that the production of the production of the production of the production of the product of the | ct is packaged |
| | of the dange | person offering the | nce with the application product for transport trained on all of the trained on all of t | able regulations is the ort. People loading an ne risks deriving from | e sole responsibility d unloading |
| to Annex II of MAR | of the dange and or ccording : Not ava POL | person offering the erous goods must be n all actions in case | nce with the application product for transport trained on all of the trained on all of t | able regulations is the ort. People loading an ne risks deriving from | e sole responsibility d unloading |
| Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR 73/78 and the IBC (| of the dange and or ccording : Not ava POL Code | person offering the erous goods must be n all actions in case | nce with the application product for transport trained on all of the trained on all of t | able regulations is the ort. People loading an ne risks deriving from ations. | e sole responsibility d unloading |
| to Annex II of MAR | of the dange and or ccording : Not ava POL Code | person offering the erous goods must be n all actions in case ailable. | nce with the applica product for transpo trained on all of th of emergency situ | able regulations is the ort. People loading an ne risks deriving from ations. | e sole responsibility d unloading |

U.S. Federal regulations State regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

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Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.