

## **Safety Data Sheet**

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Product identifier

3M Primer 94

**Product Identification Numbers** 

70-0160-5476-2 70-0160-5477-0 70-0160-5478-8 AT-0105-5821-4 AT-0105-5827-1

AT-0105-9467-2

## 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

## Recommended use

Surface Primer, Primer

For Industrial or Professional use only.

## 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

**Telephone:** 136 136

E Mail: productinfo.au@mmm.com

Website: www.3m.com.au

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2. Aspiration Hazard: Category 1. Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

### 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

#### Signal word

DANGER!

### **Symbols**

Flame | Health Hazard |

### **Pictograms**





## **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs:

sensory organs

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system |

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

sensory organs

## **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention:** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280B Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response:** 

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P370 + P378G In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry

chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

## 2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

None known.

## 2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Causes mild skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May be harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	30 - 60
Xylene	1330-20-7	20 - 35
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 10
Ethanol	64-17-5	5 - 10
Acrylate Polymer	Trade Secret	1 - 5
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	1 - 5
Chlorinated Polyolefin	68609-36-9	< 2
Methanol	67-56-1	0.1 - 1.0
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 0.5
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	< 0.5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 0.5

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

## If swallowed

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

**Substance** 

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Hydrogen Chloride

#### **Condition**

During combustion. During combustion.

During combustion.

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

Hazchem Code: •3YE

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning: A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away

from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapour accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):434	
			mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):543 mg/m3(125 ppm)	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CMRG	TWA:25 ppm;STEL:75 ppm	
Toluene	108-88-3	CMRG	STEL:75 ppm	Skin Notation
Toluene	108-88-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):191 mg/m3(50	Skin Notation
			ppm);STEL(15 minutes):574	
			mg/m3(150 ppm)	
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcinogen.
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):46 mg/m3(10	
			ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350	
			mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):1050 mg/m3(300	
			ppm)	
Xylene	1330-20-7	CMRG	TWA:50 ppm;STEL:75 ppm	
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Xylene	1330-20-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m3(80	
			ppm);STEL(15 minutes):655	
			mg/m3(150 ppm)	
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm	
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):720	
			mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):1440 mg/m3(400	
			ppm)	
Ethanol	64-17-5	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1880	

			mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Ethanol	64-17-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcinogen.
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	Skin Notation
Methanol	67-56-1	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):262	Skin Notation
			mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):328 mg/m3(250 ppm)	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs: Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation on open containers. Use in a well-ventilated area.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

f this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

## Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

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Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquid.Specific Physical Form:Liquid.

Appearance/Odour Amber coloured, solvent odour

Odour thresholdNo data available.pHNot applicable.Melting point/Freezing pointNot applicable.

Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range 76.7 °C

Flash point -20 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Flammable Limits(LEL) 1 % Flammable Limits(UEL) 11 %

Vapour pressure9,065.9 Pa [@ 20 °C ]Vapour densityNo data available.

**Density** 0.82 g/ml

**Relative density** 0.82 [@ 25 °C ] [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

Water solubilityNegligibleSolubility- non-waterNo data available.Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.Autoignition temperatureNo data available.Decomposition temperatureNo data available.

Viscosity 0.001 - 0.035 Pa-s [@ 23 °C ]

Hazardous air pollutants
35.2 - 45.3 % weight [Test Method:Calculated]
Hazardous air pollutants
<=15.11 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method:Calculated]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)
781 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

[Details: low solids less exempts]

**Percent volatile**95.3 - 97 % weight [*Test Method*:Estimated] **VOC less H2O & exempt solvents**95.3 - 97 % [*Test Method*:calculated per CARB title 2]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

## 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

3M	Primer	94

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known. Condition

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause target organ effects after inhalation.

#### Skin contact

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

## Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### Ingestion

Chemical (aspiration) pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal. Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause target organ effects after ingestion.

## **Target Organ Effects:**

## Single exposure may cause:

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

## Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause:

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

#### **Additional information:**

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the

International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

## **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4		No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50
•	hr)		mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000
•			mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
-	hours)		-
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
Xylene	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
	hours)		
Xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 15,433 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 17.4 mg/l
	hours)		
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,769 mg/kg
Ethanol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg
Ethanol	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 124.7 mg/l
	hours)		
Ethanol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 17,800 mg/kg
ETHYL ACETATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 18,000  mg/kg
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 70.5 mg/l
	hours)		
ETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,620 mg/kg
Chlorinated Polyolefin	Dermal	Guinea pig	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Chlorinated Polyolefin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 3,200  mg/kg
Methanol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methanol	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
Methanol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	hours)		
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
Chlorobenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,212 mg/kg
Chlorobenzene	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 16.7 mg/l
	hours)		
Chlorobenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,419 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value	
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant	
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant	
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant	
Ethanol	Rabbit	No significant irritation	

ETHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Chlorinated Polyolefin	Guinea pig	No significant irritation
Methanol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
Chlorobenzene	Rabbit	Irritant

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Ethanol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
ETHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Chlorinated Polyolefin		Mild irritant
Methanol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Epoxy Resin	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Chlorobenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

## **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene	Human	Not sensitizing
Ethanol	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
ETHYL ACETATE	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Methanol	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Epoxy Resin	Human and animal	Sensitising
Toluene	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Chlorobenzene	Multiple animal species	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitisation** 

Name	Species	Value
Epoxy Resin	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
ETHYL ACETATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
ETHYL ACETATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Epoxy Resin	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Epoxy Resin	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Chlorobenzene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.
Ethanol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Chlorobenzene	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	<b>Exposure Duration</b>
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Cyclohexane Inhalation N		Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane Inhalation		Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Xylene Ingestion Not		Not toxic to female reproduction	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
Xylene	ne Ingestion Not toxic to n reproduction		Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
1		Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Xylene	Ingestion  Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesis
Xylene	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation

		not sufficient for			
71.1		classification			
Ethylbenzene Inhalation		Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	premating & during gestation
Ethanol	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/l	during gestation
Ethanol	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Methanol	Ingestion	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	21 days
Methanol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Methanol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	during organogenesis
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Toluene Inhalation Son representation exists not		Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene Inhalation		Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Chlorobenzene	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.07 mg/l	2 generation
Chlorobenzene	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Chlorobenzene	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 2.07 mg/l	2 generation
Chlorobenzene Inhalation So rep exists not		Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.07 mg/l	2 generation

## Lactation

Name   Route   Species   Value
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4 1	Primer	· u/

Xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Does not cause effects on or via
			lactation

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	Human and	NOAEL Not	
		system	drowsiness or	animal	available	
		depression	dizziness			
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Human and	NOAEL Not	
		irritation	data exist, but the	animal	available	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
			organs			
Xylene	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	Human	NOAEL Not	
		system	drowsiness or		available	
		depression	dizziness			
Xylene	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Human	NOAEL Not	
		irritation	data exist, but the		available	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 3.5	not available
			data exist, but the		mg/l	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive	Multiple	NOAEL Not	
			data exist, but the	animal species	available	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Xylene	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause	Multiple	NOAEL Not	
		system	drowsiness or	animal species	available	
		depression	dizziness			
Xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 250	not applicable
			data exist, but the		mg/kg	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	Human	NOAEL Not	
		system	drowsiness or		available	
		depression	dizziness			
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Human and	NOAEL Not	
		irritation	data exist, but the	animal	available	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Ethanol	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	Human	LOAEL 2.6 mg/l	30 minutes
		system	drowsiness or			
		depression	dizziness			
Ethanol	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Human	LOAEL 9.4 mg/l	not available
		irritation	data exist, but the			
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Ethanol	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause	Multiple	NOAEL not	
папоі	ingestion	central nervous	iviay cause	iviuiupie	NUAEL not	

		system	drowsiness or	animal species	available	
		depression	dizziness			
Ethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg	
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Methanol	Inhalation	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 hours
Methanol	Ingestion	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Chlorobenzen e	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Chlorobenzen e	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Specific Tunger organi Tomenty Tepenteu enposure								
Name	Route	Target	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure		
		Organ(s)				Duration		

			1	1	1	_
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   muscles   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Xylene	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	heart   skin   endocrine	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks

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Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   nervous system   respiratory system   kidney and/or	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 1.1	2 years
		bladder	data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		mg/l	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3.4 mg/l	28 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	5 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   muscles	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.2 mg/l	90 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart   immune system   respiratory system	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day	6 months
Ethanol	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 124 mg/l	365 days
Ethanol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/l	14 days
Ethanol	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day	4 months

Ethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	7 days
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	endocrine system   liver   nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	90 days
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 16 mg/l	40 days
ETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3,600 mg/kg/day	90 days
Methanol	Inhalation	liver	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 6.55 mg/l	4 weeks
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 13.1 mg/l	6 weeks
Methanol	Ingestion	liver   nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Epoxy Resin	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Epoxy Resin	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system   nervous system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks

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			sufficient for			
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	classification Some positive data exist, but the	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
			data are not sufficient for classification			
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
			classification			
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Chlorobenzen e	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.69 mg/l	2 generation
Chlorobenzen e	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.1 mg/l	2 generation
Chlorobenzen e	Inhalation	blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat	NOAEL 0.35 mg/l	24 weeks

			classification			
Chlorobenzen e	Ingestion	bone marrow	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Chlorobenzen e	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 188 mg/kg/day	192 days
Chlorobenzen e	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Chlorobenzen e	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

**Aspiration Hazard** 

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Name	Value				
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard				
Xylene	Aspiration hazard				
Ethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard				
Toluene	Aspiration hazard				

#### **Exposure Levels**

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 1: Very toxic to aquatic life.

## Chronic aquatic hazard:

Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Acrylate	Trade Secret		Data not			% weight
Polymer			available or			
			insufficient for			

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			classification			
Chlorinated	68609-36-9		Data not			
Polyolefin	08007-30-9		available or			
Toryorenn			insufficient for			
			classification			
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.41 mg/l
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.3 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Sheepshead	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	3.2 mg/l
		Minnow	1			
Ethanol	64-17-5	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	1,000 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	42 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	5,012 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	<500 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Water flea	Experimental	11 days	NOEC	9.6 mg/l
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.59 mg/l
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Fish other	Experimental	84 hours	LC50	0.34 mg/l
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Zebra Fish	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	8.5 mg/l
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.72 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	3.4 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	22,300 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	16.9 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	22,200 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	9.96 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	212.5 mg/l
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Crustacea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	164 mg/l
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	2,500 mg/l
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	2.4 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	1.81 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	3.6 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.2 mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.14 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	

Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	42 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	5.38 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	1/2)	Other methods
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	1/2)	Other methods
Acrylate Polymer	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	Laboratory Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	<2 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Xylene	1330-20-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chlorinated Polyolefin	68609-36-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	Laboratory Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	100 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Ethanol	64-17-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	89 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	BOD	55 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	92 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	94 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Laboratory Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	81 % weight	Other methods

# 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acrylate	Trade Secret	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polymer		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
Xylene	1330-20-7	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
-		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
Chlorinated	68609-36-9	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polyolefin		available or				
-		insufficient for				
I		classification				

Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	Laboratory BCF - Other	28 days	Bioaccumulati on factor	<42	Other methods
Ethanol	64-17-5	Estimated Bioconcentrati on	28 days	Bioaccumulati on factor	3.16	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulati on factor	39.6	OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow- through fish test
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulati on factor	<129	Other methods
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental BCF-Carp	3 days	Bioaccumulati on factor	1	Other methods
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Experimental BCF - Other	96 hours	Bioaccumulati on factor	30	Other methods
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulati on factor	15	Other methods
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.73	Other methods

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility.

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: UN1866

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

Class/Division: 3
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: II

**Special Instructions:** Limited quantity may apply

**Hazchem Code: •3**YE

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International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: UN1866

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

Class/Division: 3

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable. **Packing Group:** II

D 22.6

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport

UN No.: UN1866

**Proper shipping name:** RESIN SOLUTION

Class/Division: 3
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: II

Marine Pollutant: (Cyclohexane)

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Australian Inventory Status:**

An ingredient(s) in this product is being introduced under Section 21 of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule:** This product has not been assessed for poisons scheduling as the product is intended for industrial and professional use only.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Revision information:**

Conversion to GHS format SDS.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au

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