SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Super Wet Look Acrylic Enamel Catalyst

Manufacturer/Supplier:

TRANSTAR AUTOBODY TECHNOLOGIES

2040 Heiserman Dr. Brighton, MI, 48114, USA Product Code: 8105, 8108

24 Hour Emergency Phone(s):

USA 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

International 001-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC Int'I)

Business Phone: 810-360-1600

SDS Prepared By: Transtar Autobody Technologies

Product Use: Activator. For Professional and Industrial Use Only

Not recommended for: Not for sale to the general public

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	2 Acute Tox. 3	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)
Inhalation Toxicity	Acute 10x. 5	Gases>500+<=2500ppm, Vapors>2+<=10mg/l, Dusts&mists>0.5+<=1mg/l
Respiratory sensitizer	1	Respiratory sensitizer
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer
Carcinogen	1B	Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxin	1A	Known or presumed to cause effects on human reproduction or on development
Organ toxin single exposure	3	Transient target organ effects- Narcotic effects- Respiratory tract irritation
Organ toxin repeated exposure	2	Presumed to be harmful to human health- Animal studies with significant toxic effects relevant to humans at generally moderate exposure (guidance)- Human evidence in exceptional cases
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity? 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.
Aquatic toxicity	A2	Acute toxicity > 1.00 but <= 10.0 mg/l

GHS Hazards		GHS Precautions	1
H225 H304	Highly flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand Keep out of reach of children
H317	May cause an allergic skin	P103 P201	Read label before use
H331	Toxic if inhaled	P202	Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety
H334 H336	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled May cause drowsiness or dizziness	P210	precautions have been read and understood Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking

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H350	May cause cancer	P233	Keep container tightly closed
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child	P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and motorized equipment
H401	Toxic to aquatic life	P242	Use only non-sparking tools
	·	P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
		P260	Do not breathe dust, mist, vapors or spray
		P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
		P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
		P273	Avoid release to the environment
		P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection and respiratory protection.
		P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear
		P311	respiratory protection Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
		P321	Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on SDS)
		P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
		P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
		P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
		P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.
		P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
		P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice
		P333+P313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice
		P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
		P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, foam or water fog to extinguish
		P405	Store locked up
		P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
		P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Danger







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Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS:

None known

Section 3 -Composition

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Homopolymer of HDI 28182-81-2 40 to 50%	Not Available	Not Available	
Homopolymer of IPDI 53880-05-0 20 to 30%	Not Available	Not Available	
Aromatic petroleum distillates 64742-95-6 10 to 20%	Not Established	Not established	REL-TWA (NIOSH): 350 mg/m3 PEL-TWA(OSHA): 2000 mg/m3
Toluene 108-88-3 5 to 10%	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
n-Butyl Acetate 123-86-4 5 to 10%	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing difficulty persists, seek medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a minimum of 15 minutes while holding eye lids open. If eye irritation persist: seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation presists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners to wash off.

INGESTION: If swallowed, seek medical attention immediately and have product container or label at hand. Rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person..

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, & loss of coordination. Can cause skin and respiratory sensitization and allergic reaction.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Seek professional medical attention for all over-exposures and/or persistent problems.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

LEL: 1.0 % UEL: 7.6 %

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Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical, Foam, CO2 or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: High volume water jets

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat or burst when contaminated with water (CO2 gas evolved). Hazards apply to empty containers. Combustion generates toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Highly toxic fumes may be generated by thermal decomposition. Water runoff from firefighting can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

Fire Equipment: Full fire fighter equipment including SCBA should be worn to avoid skin contact and inhalation of concentrated vapors. Minimize skin exposure.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors and mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcolol (50 parts), concentrated ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts).

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Safe Handling Measures: Persons with a history of skin or respiratory sensitization problems should not be employed or around any process in which this mixture is being used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools and explosion proof equipment when handling this material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Use in cool, well-ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Follow all SDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues. For precautions see section 2.

Storage Requirements: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces-No Smoking. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Do not reuse container when empty. Store separately from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials, amines, alcohols and water. Precautions should be taken to avoid exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

Section 8 - Exposure Control and PPE				
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits	
Homopolymer of HDI 28182-81-2	Not Available	Not Available		
Homopolymer of IPDI 53880-05-0	Not Available	Not Available		

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Aromatic petroleum distillates 64742-95-6	Not Established	Not established	REL-TWA (NIOSH): 350 mg/m3 PEL-TWA(OSHA): 2000 mg/m3
Toluene 108-88-3	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
n-Butyl Acetate 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL

Engineering Controls: Ground and bond container and reciving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and motorized equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be utilized to keep vapor concentrations below exposure limits (PEL & TLV). Ventilation equipment must be explosion proof.

Safe Work Practices: Eye washes and safety showers in the workplace are recommended. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after using and before eating, drinking or smoking. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product is required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR1200. Smoking in area where this material is used should be strictly prohibited. Always use protective clothing and equipment. Remove all contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly when finished working. Keep food and drink away from material and from area where material is being used. Spraying of material can cause and oxygen dificient environment. Use proper ventilation to remove vapors, mist and fumes combined with NIOSH approved respirator.

Respiratory Protection: When working with this material use a MSHA/NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or suitable respiratory protection to keep airborne mists and vapor concentrations below the PEL & TLV limits. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh-air supplying respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with chemical splash goggles or faceshield.

Skin Protection: Use chemical resistant gloves.

Body Protection: Impervious clothing, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. **Contaminated Gear:** Take off contaminated clothing immediately and have them washed by a industrial laundry service before reuse. Contaminated clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances:

Appearance Clear	Physical State Liquid	
Odor Organic solvent	Odor threshold: No data available	
pH: No data available	Melting point: No data available	
Freezing point: No data available	Boiling range: 98°C	
Flash point: 39 F,4 C	Evaporation rate: No data available	
Flammability: No data available	Explosive Limits: 1% - 8%	
Vapor Pressure: 14.1 mmHg	Vapor Density: 2.7	
Density (Lb / Gal) 8.90	Solubility: No data available	
Partition coefficient (n- No data available octanol/water):	Autoignition temperature: 280°C	
Decomposition temperature: No data available	Viscosity: No data available	

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Regulatory Coating VOC g/L 285

Actual Coating VOC g/L 285
Weight Percent Volatile 26.71
% Weight VOC 26.71

% Wt Exempt VOC 0.00

Ib/gal
Actual Coating VOC Ib/Gal 2.38
Specific Gravity (SG) 1.067
% Weight Water 0.0
% Vol Exempt VOC 0.00

Regulatory Coating VOC 2.38

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No data available

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flame and sparks. Extreme temperature and direct sunlight. Precautions should be taken to avoid exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

Incompatibile with:

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and amines. Will react slowly with water and moisture in the air.

Hazardous products produced under decomposition:

Oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity: 8mg/L

Component Toxicity

64742-95-6 Aromatic petroleum distillates

Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

108-88-3 Toluene

Oral: 2,600 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation: 13 mg/L (Rat)

123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate

Inhalation: 29 mg/L (Rat)

This mixture has not been tested for toxicological effects.

Acute Effects:

 $\label{loss} \hbox{INHALATION - Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, \& loss of coordination}\,.$

EYE CONTACT - Moderate irritation, tearing, redness, and blurred vision.

SKIN CONTACT - Moderate irritant. Can dry and defat skin causing cracks, irritation, and dermatitis.

INGESTION - Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea, & diarrhea.

Chronic Effects:

May affect liver, kidney and central nervous system with repeated exposure . Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury.

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Contains isocyanates which can cause skin and respiratory sensitization and allergic reaction.

Routes of Entry

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

Target Organs

Blood Eyes Kidneys Liver Lungs Central Nervous System Skin

Respiratory System Other

Effects of Overexposure

Short Term Exposure The substance irritates the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. High exposures, above

the occupational exposure levels, can cause weakness, headache, and drowsiness and may cause unconsciousness. Irritates the eyes and respiratory tract. Causes central nervous system depression. High levels of exposure may cause fatigue, weakness, confusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation (discharge of tears); nervousness, muscle fatigue, insomnia; paresthesia; cardiac dysrhythmia, unconsciousness and death may occur. Inhalation: 100 ppm exposure can cause dizziness, drowsiness and hallucinations. 100 - 200 ppm can cause depression, 200 - 500 ppm can cause headaches, nausea, loss of appetite, loss of energy, loss of coordination and coma. In addition to the above, death has resulted from exposure to 10,000 ppm for an unknown time. Skin: Can cause dryness and irritation. Absorption may cause or increase the severity of symptoms listed above. Eyes: Can cause irritation at 300 ppm. Ingestion: Can cause a burning sensation in the mouth and stomach, upper abdominal pain, cough, hoarseness, headache,

nausea, loss of appetite, loss of energy, loss of coordination and coma.

Long Term Exposure n-Butyl acetate may cause skin allergy. n-Butyl acetate has been shown to damage

the developing fetus in animals. Prolonged and repeated exposure to butyl acetates can cause defatting, drying and cracking of the skin. Although many solvents and petroleum based products cause lung, brain and nerve damage, these chemicals have not been adequately evaluated to determine these effects. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermatitis; drying, cracking, itching, and skin rash. May cause liver, kidney, and brain damage; decreased learning ability, psychological disorders. Levels below 200 ppm may produce headache, tiredness and nausea. From 200 - 750 ppm symptoms may include insomnia, irritability, dizziness, some loss of memory, cause heart palpitations and loss of coordination. Blood effects and anemia

have been reported but are probably due to contamination by benzene.

The following chemicals comprise of at least 0.1% of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by the NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing) or ACGIH (optional listing).

CAS Number Description % Weight Carcinogen Rating
None No Data Available

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

Other adverse effects: Contains photochemically reactive solvent.

This material has not been tested for ecological effects.

Component Ecotoxicity

Aromatic petroleum distillates 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 9.22 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L

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Toluene 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old);

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static];

96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia

magna: 11.5 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 12.5 mg/L [static]

n-Butyl Acetate 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales

promelas: 17 - 19 mg/L [flow-through]

72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 674.7 mg/L

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product should be disposed of in accordance with all Federal, State and local regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Subject to hazardous waste generation, treatment, storage and disposal rules under RCRA, 40CFR261.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

The following transportation information is provided based on Transtar Autobody Technologies interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking and labeling prior to offering for transport.

Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
IATA	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
IMDG	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
USDOT	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
	For inner packagings not exceeding 5L each packaged in a	a strong outer box	c: Limited Quantity	

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The information listed in this section is not all inclusive of all regulations for this product or the chemical components of this product.

California Hazardous Substance List:

- None

HAPS: This formulation contains the following HAPS:

108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %

NJ RTK: The following chemicals are listed under New Jersey RTK

123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate 5 to 10 % 108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

4098-71-9 Isophorone Diisocyanate < 1 PPM

108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

- None

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PA RTK: The following chemicals are listed under Pennsylvania RTK:

123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate 5 to 10 % 108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %

EU REACH SIN: The chemicals listed below are on the EU REACH SIN list

- None

SARA 312: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 312:

108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %

64742-95-6 Aromatic petroleum distillates 10 to 20 %

SARA 313: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313:

108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %

64742-95-6 Aromatic petroleum distillates 10 to 20 %

WHMIS:

123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate 5 to 10 % 108-88-3 Toluene 5 to 10 %







The following are not listed under TSCA:

- None

The following are reportable under SARA:

64742-95-6 Aromatic petroleum distillates

10 - 20%

108-88-3 Toluene 5 - 10%

Section 16 - Other Information

Note: HMIS Ratings involve data and interpretings that can vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this MSDS must be considered.

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

* = Chronic Health Hazard

0 = INSIGNIFICANT

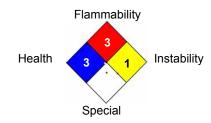
1 = SLIGHT

2 = MODERATE

3 = HIGH

Date Prepared: 1/30/2015

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, obtained from sources believed by Transtar Autobody Technologies to be accurate. As with all chemicals, KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. FOR PROFESSIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

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