# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

30015

## Section 1. Identification

Product name	: LIQUID HARDENER
Product code	: 30015
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
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Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer	: U.S. CHEMICAL & PLASTICS 600 Nova Dr. S.E. Massillon, OH 44646 USA
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (888) 345-5732
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 845-2000
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type D ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 63% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 97.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 63%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Heating may cause a fire. Fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep only in original container. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store at temperatures not exceeding 25 °C/77 °F. Keep cool. Store away from other materials.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide Hydrogen Peroxide	≥50 - ≤75 ≥25 - ≤50 ≤3	6846-50-0 1338-23-4 7722-84-1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≤3	78-93-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	<u>irst aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	Fatal if inhaled.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion :	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Heating may cause a fire. May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. Hazardous decomposition may occur. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			

#### Environmental precautions :

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see S obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure of handle until all safety precautions have been read and u or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless ade original container or an approved alternative made from tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking to incompatible materials and combustible materials. Tem required. Empty containers retain product residue and o container.	during pregnancy. Do not nderstood. Do not get in eyes not ingest. Use only with ventilation is inadequate. Do equately ventilated. Keep in the a compatible material, kept heat, sparks, open flame or (ventilating, lighting and ols. Keep away from clothing, perature control may be
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in are handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash h drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing a entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional measures.	nands and face before eating, and protective equipment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	To avoid the risk of formation of shock-sensitive crystals important to store the product within the recommended to Temperature control may be required. Store in accordance in a segregated and approved area. Store in original con- sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from Section 10) and food and drink. Store at temperatures in Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate combustible materials. Keep away from rust, iron and co- closed and sealed until ready for use. Prevent product of have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept of not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate conta- contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible material	emperature range. Ince with local regulations. Store intainer protected from direct in incompatible materials (see not exceeding 25 °C/77 °F. e from reducing agents and opper. Keep container tightly contamination. Containers that upright to prevent leakage. Do ainment to avoid environmental
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	6846-50-0	None.
Methyl Éthyl Ketone Peroxide	1338-23-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
		C: 0.2 ppm
		C: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
		CEIL: 0.2 ppm
		CEIL: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
		TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
		TWA: 1 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	70-93-3	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
		TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	1338-23-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). C: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> C: 0.2 ppm CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). C: 0.2 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). C: 0.2 ppm CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). STEV: 0.2 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). CEIL: 0.2 ppm
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		<ul> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 1 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	1338-23-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). CEIL: 0.2 ppm
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Use with adequate ventilation.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Not available.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Boiling point/boiling range	: 78°C (172.4°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 94°C (201.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 10%	
Vapor pressure	: 12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg) [at 20°C]	
Vapor density	: 1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 0.99	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 42.197 kJ/g

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: This product, in laboratory testing, either detonates partially, deflagrates slowly or shows a medium effect when heated under confinement.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: temperature increase high temperature Reactions may include the following: hazardous decomposition risk of causing fire
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid increased storage temperature. Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials copper iron rust
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1017 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

### Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	5 gm	-
····, ···	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 1 % I	-
Hydrogen Peroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 mg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Hydrogen Peroxide	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrogen Peroxide	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### : Not available. Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled. **Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Ingestion

: Harmful if swallowed.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ffects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1013.57 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	227.69 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	4.02 mg/l

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hydrogen Peroxide	Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.38 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2320 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 93 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 989.7 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Egg	43 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl Ethyl Ketone -		-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Trimethylpentanediol Diisobutyrate	-	5340	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN3105	UN3105	UN3105	UN3105	UN3105
UN proper shipping name	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- <u>ERG No.</u> 145	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.23-2.25 (Class 5). <b>ERG No.</b> 145	- <u>ERG No.</u> 145	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-J, S- R
Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior					

suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not available.	
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Proper shipping name	: Not available.
Ship type	: Not available.
Pollution category	: Not available.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### SARA 302/304

SARA 302/304 (40 CFR part 302) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### California Prop. 65

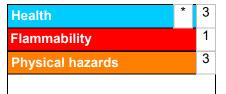
Date of issue/	Date of revision	: 2/20/2020	Date of previous issue	: 1/31/2020	Version : 2	13/15
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### Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations         International lists       : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.	Not applicable.	
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined.	International regulations	
	International lists	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTI TOXIC TO REPRODUCTI	Category 4 ion) - Category 2 ATION - Category 1B EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History		
Date of printing	: 2/20/2020	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/20/2020	
Date of previous issue	: 1/31/2020	
Version	: 2	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention	fficient
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/20/2020 Date of previous issue : 1/31/2020	Version : 2 14/15
30015 LIQUID HARDI	NER	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

### Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.